The Suggestion / Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, MONDAY, MAY 15, 1905 XLIII No 8

GRADUATION FOR TRAINED NURSES

Exercises at the State Hospital Next Friday Evening.

MAY MEETING OF THE TRUSTEES

It Will Also be Held Friday—Baseball Practice Has Been Hindered by Rainy Weather—Several Games Will be Scheduled.

The graduating exercises of the class of trained nurses at the Massillon state hospital will be held in William McKinley hall next Friday evening, beginning at 7:30. A programme consisting of several orations, musical selections and an address by the Rev. S. K. Mahon, of this city, has been prepared. Invitations are being sent out.

The monthly meeting of the trustees will be held next Friday afternoon at the hospital. The trustees will endeavor to finish their business by evening so as to be able to attend the graduating exercises. Nothing of more than ordinary routine work is to be considered by the board, according to present indications.

The several rainy days of the past week put a stop to much base ball practice, but the Hospital team hopes to put in several days next week on the diamond. At present the only game scheduled is one for next Saturday afternoon with a Navarre team.

Interest has been taken by many in the case of Elmer Jones, sentenced to twenty years in the Ohio penitentiary by the Athens county common pleas court last fall and whose case has been considered by the circuit court this week. The circuit court affirmed the decision of the lower court. Jones was a guard at the Athens state hospital for the insane and was tried for killing an inmate, Stephen Cain. It is said that Cain was kicked by Jones while two other guards held Cain, who was being punished. The only testimony to convict the three men was the stories of several inmates, who witnessed the punishment. The case was carried up by a number of influential politicians of Athens county. General Charles Grosvenor was one of the attorneys in the case for the defense. Jones will now go to the penitentiary.

The movement started last week by the state board of charities to make the new state hospital at Lima an institution for the criminal insane was in reality started by the superintendents and trustees of the Ohio state hospitals at a meeting in Columbus last winter, when they adopted resolutions asking the next general assembly to consider the matter of making the Lima hospital a special one for this class of inmates. Superintendent H. C. Eyman, of the Massillon state hospital, introduced the resolution. Secretary H. H. Shirer, of the state board, has taken a deep interest in the movement and is now in Michigan investigating the subject. The board favors a law that will permit the transfer of patients from other state hospitals to the Lima hospital after its completion. The question will be brought to the attention of the next general assembly early in its sessions. Secretary Shirer will make his report to Governor Herrick, who will include his views on the matter in his message to the general assembly.

COURT ASSIGNMENTS.

Judge Ambler Will Hold Court in Carrolton Next Week.

Canton, May 13.—Judge Harter will hold common pleas court in room No. 1 during the coming week. Judge Ambler will hold court in Carrollton Judge Harter will clean up cases left over from the present week and in addition has the following new assignments:

Monday, May 15—Mineral Point S. and L. Company vs Dorrance; Smith vs Webb et al; Seacrist vs Seacrist.

Tuesday—Roig vs Mason; Yates vs Yates; Miller vs Corl et al.

Wednesday — Cailman vs Hosler; Brenneman vs Brenneman; Reemsnyder vs Benious; Dougherty vs Dougherty et al.

Thursday—Garrett vs Garrett; Welcelean vs Welcelean; Dulobohm vs Canton-Akron Railway Company; Brumbaugh vs Augustine et al.

When doctors fail try Burdock Blood Bitters. Cures dyspepsia, constipation; invigorates the whole system.

LAUB IN DISGRACE.

Strasburg School Teacher Arrested by Federal Officers.

Prof. F. W. Laub, a teacher in the high school at Strasburg, and one of the most prominent young men in the village, will have to appear before the federal grand jury at the next term, and answer to the charge of sending obscene letters through the mails. He was arrested in Strasburg Monday by Postoffice Inspector Owen and was taken to Cleveland. He waived an examination and was bound over under $1,000 bail.

For the past several months the people of the village have been much excited over the number of letters of an objectionable character received by the young girls. These letters were unsigned and no one seemed to be able to trace them to their origin. Most of the epistles were sent to girls in the high school. No one suspected the teacher of being the author and indignation against the unknown writer was at the boiling point.

The people of the village stood the onslaught of letters for some time without making a concerted move to discover the writer. At length the residents complained to the postal authorities. Inspector Owen was detailed to make an investigation. He worked on the case for several days and placed some marked paper among the teacher's stationery.

Laub is 33 years of age. He had been a resident of Strasburg and a teacher in the schools for three years. He bore the best reputation among the villagers and it was only recently that suspicion became directed to him. It was through no action on his part that he was suspected, it is said, but merely because all other sources from which the letters might have sprung had been investigated.

SAFE RETURN OF TRAVELLERS.

Dr. and Mrs. Pease Reached Home Friday Morning.

BEHIND THE WRECKED TRAIN.

After Passing Around the Wreck They Were Laid up for Six Hours at Stark Siding, Near Canton, and Got to Massillon in the Small Hours.

Dr. and Mrs. A. Per Lee Pease, of this city, after traveling around the world and after having had adventures of a more or less exciting description, reached Boston last Monday afternoon on the White Star liner Canopic. On Wednesday they started for Massillon and subsequently had more adventures of a slightly different character. Their train out of New York was directly behind the ill-fated express wrecked at Harrisburg early Thursday morning. Dr. and Mrs. Pease were accompanied on the trip home by their nieces, the Misses May and Nellie McCallam, of Pittsburg, the entire party having spent the past six weeks with Mrs. Pease's sister, Mrs. C. L. Magee, in Rome. At Steelton, Pa., they were awakened by the long stoppage of the train and learned of the disaster. By daylight they were able to telegraph relatives in Pittsburg, assuring them of their safety. Dr. and Mrs. Pease reached Pittsburg at noon and six hours later left for Massillon. At Stark siding, beyond Canton, the engine of the train broke down and it was 3 a. m. when the travelers got home.

The trip taken by Dr. and Mrs. Pease commenced last October at the Louisiana Purchase exposition. From the fair they went to San Francisco, then to the Hawaiian islands, and thence to Japan, to the Philippine islands and to China and India. Owing to the plague at Singapore they were in quarantine for a time on the Arabian side of the Suez canal

Quite an excursion was made into the interior at Batavia, Java, as far as Sourabaija. The Holy Land was traveled and the tourists finally reached Rome. Sorrento was visited after leaving Rome, and a stop was also made at the Azores islands on the homeward journey.

At Cairo, Dr. and Mrs. Pease had been joined by the Misses McCallam. All have had a delightful time with Mrs. Magee, excursions, automobile rides to Tivoli and other places of interest, and many pleasureable affairs being given in their honor.

FOR SALE—A good dwelling house and lot in the village of Navarre. O. the Dr Alender property. For terms, and particulars please see the proprietors or W. Goshorn.

"HELLO! HOW ARE YOU ALL?"

Such Was the Greeting of President Roosevelt Here.

GREETED BY TWO HUNDRED.

The President Stood Alone on the Rear Platform on an Observation Car and Exchanged Greetings With Those on the Platform.

Standing on the rear end of an observation car of a special eastbound passenger train on the Pennsylvania, President Roosevelt greeted and was greeted at the station by two hundred citizens including men and women, at 7:30 o'clock Thursday morning. He is returning to Washington after a month's vacation in Colorado.

The special train came almost to a stop when the rear end reached the station and the first word spoken was that of the President, who shouted, "Hello! How are you all?"

Immediately a shout arose from the crowd and hats and umbrellas were swung vigorously. The President stood alone on the rear end of the car without hat or top coat and as far as he could be seen he continued to clasp his hands in imitation of shaking hands with those on the platform. The crowd continued to cheer and the President to reply to the greeting until the train had disappeared from view around the East street curve

President Roosevelt looked the very picture of health His face was tanned to a ruddy hue and when he smiled it was evident that the many pictures of him printed during the past few years did not belie the fact of his prominent teeth. The trip from Chicago was made without incident. Crestline was reached at 7 o'clock and that city left behind soon afterwards. The trip from Crestline to Massillon was made on a slow schedule, as many slow downs were made. President Roosevelt appeared on the platform at all of the stations and gave a greeting similar to the one given here.

A pilot train preceded the President's train and sectionmen were stationed along the track a half mile apart. This has been done by the Pennsylvania Company since the special train left the Chicago station.

Battery Wetzel, stationed in the court of the Russell & Company's property, fired a salute from a cannon as the train pulled into the station. An American flag of large dimensions floated from the flag staff and streamers composed of the flags of all nations were suspended from the pole.

"That is Roosevelt, all right," and "Don't he look ruddy and hearty," were but a few of the many remarks made by the spectators on the platform.

SCHWARZ WANTS $5,000.

Accuses Thomas Dayton of Alienating Wife's Affections.

Canton, May 11.—Charging that he alienated his wife's affections, August Schwarz, of Massillon, has brought suit for $5,000 against Thomas Dayton, also of Massillon. The petition was filed in common pleas court Wednesday afternoon.

It is alleged by the plaintiff that after he and Mrs. Schwarz had lived happily for twenty-one years, Dayton appeared on the scene last December, and immediately began to make love to his wife. His visits to the Schwarz home, according to the petition, were as frequent as three or four a week. It is alleged that he threatened to poison the plaintiff if he interfered. Attorney R. A. Pinn represents the plaintiff.

CROPS GROWING FAST.

Weather Bureau's Report for the Past Week.

The Ohio section of the weather bureau's climate and crop report for the week ending May 8, is as follows: Wheat, rye, barley, oats, potatoes, meadows, pastures and clover fields growing fast; corn planting well along in southwest; potato planting and oat seeding begun in the northeast; gardens doing well; good apple bloom; pears fair; peaches and plums variable; early cherries poor; strawberry bloom generally good; tobacco plants small, but growing well.

WANTED in every city, town and village, mining camp, etc., resident representative to sell high grade line of groceries to the consumers, goods delivered freight paid. Apply with references to Home Supply Co., 15 N. Mill St., St. Louis, Mo.

MINER KILLED.

Joseph Hodgson Fell from Car and was Run Over.

Joseph Hodgson, aged 32 years, was killed in the Mudhook mine, owned by the Massillon Coal Mining Company, near Canal Fulton, Friday afternoon. He was on his way out of the mine when he became ill, fell from the car and was crushed under the wheels. He died as he was being carried out. The deceased was single and lived with his parents in Canal Fulton. The funeral will occur Sunday afternoon at 2:30. Interment will be made in the Canal Fulton cemetery.

Acting Coroner Spidle viewed the body Saturday morning and pronounced death accidental.

ELECTED FOR THREE YEARS.

Superintendent Cronebaugh is to Remain.

A NEW INSTRUCTOR IN MUSIC.

Miss Kathleen Brossman Will Come Here from Chicago—Suspension from High School is Made—Miss Harsh Has Resigned — Preparations Made for Commencement.

Superintendent C. L. Cronebaugh was re-elected as the head of the Massillon public schools Friday evening for a term of three years at a salary of $2,100 a year Miss Kathleen Brossman, of Chicago, was elected supervisor of music for one year. Superintendent Cronebaugh has been at the head of the schools one year, coming from Cambridge, succeeding State Commissioner L. A. Jones. Miss Brossman is said to be a woman of wide experience in the work of schools and is a graduate of a Boston college. She has been teaching in the Chicago schools. She will succeed Prof. F. Graves, who has been instructor of music in the schools for six years.

The board of education met in the board rooms Friday evening with all members present. After the reading of the minutes and the ordering of a number of bills paid, Secretary Fox read a communication stating that the cost of the last special election was $147.57. The election of a superintendent was immediately taken up. Upon a motion of Secretary Fox that Superintendent Cronebaugh be elected for a term of three years at an annual salary of $2,100, Mr. Grinnell and Dr. Pumphrey objected. Mr. Grinnell said that he did not like to vote to hire a superintendent for a term longer than that during which he would be a member of the board. Dr. Pumphrey said that it was his desire that the superintendent be also supervisor of the primary grades and do the work now done by Miss Arletta Yost This would save the board $600 a year. After the discussion, the roll was called and President Stoner, Secretary Fox, Mrs. Shoemaker and E. R. Albrecht voted in favor of the motion and Dr. Pumphrey and Mr. Grinnell against it. President Stoner declared Superintendent Cronebaugh elected for three years.

Mrs. Shoemaker presented the name of Miss Brossman and her election was made by an unanimous vote. It has been known for some time that the board was considering a change in the position of musical instructor.

Superintendent Cronebaugh thanked the board for the honor conferred and promised to use his best and untiring efforts to advance the schools. He reported to the board that it had been necessary to suspend a pupil of the third year class in the high school. The pupil had been warned several times about his conduct and his actions became such that the only way to preserve the dignity of the school was to ask the boy to leave until his conduct could be inquired into by the board. The board will give the pupil's parents an opportunity to state their grievance. This is required by law and if the parents do not appear before the board in reasonable time the pupil stands suspended for the remainder of the term.

The resignation of Miss Harsh, a teacher in the Franklin school building, who succeeded Miss Beck, deceased, was received. Superintendent Cronebaugh reported that he had secured Mrs. H. Yost to take charge of the work for the remaining few weeks of the present term.

The board authorized Superintendent Cronebaugh to secure diplomas for the graduating class, which will consist of about twenty-five pupils. The board then adjourned.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

Thirty-one Delegates and Alternates are Chosen.

UTMOST HARMONY PREVAILED.

Only Five Other Counties Will Have a Larger Representation in the State Convention—Administration of Governor Herrick Endorsed—Delegates are Not Instructed.

Canton, May 1.—The Republican county central committee met in the assembly room of the court house this morning shortly after noon for the purpose of selecting thirty delegates and thirty alternates to the Republican state convention, which will be held in Columbus, May 24 and 25. Chairman George H. Clark called the convention to order and said that one delegate to the state convention would be allowed for every five hundred votes cast for President Roosevelt last fall to elect the Stark county ticket that year. Chairman Clark read the list of delegates chosen at the recent Republican primaries and asked those delegates present by proxy to cast votes for their names. As the roll was called delegates responded to their names present.

J. [illegible] moved that Mr. Clark be made chairman of the convention, thereby receiving the unanimous approval of all present. Upon assuming the chair he said that he had no oration to make, but prepared, recounting the virtues of the party. He said that it was his desire to tell those selected by the convention that they were the most important part in the selection of the state ticket. He said that the Republicans of Stark county had about 14,000 votes. Chairman Clark warned those present not to be deceived by the figures of last year. The Democrats had cast 10,000 and 2,000 votes in the county also and Mr. Clark declared that if they should register Moses to lead them from the wilderness, the Republicans will have to work to carry the county.

After Prof. John H. Focht, of Lawrence township, was chosen as secretary the roll call of the assemblage was taken.

A committee on credentials, consisting of Mark L. Jones, Alliance; Per Lee Hunt, Massillon; William Boser, Louisville and I. W. Burris, of Canton was named. [illegible]

The committee on resolutions named by the chairman was as follows: J. A. Bowman, I. L. Mendell, Canton; W. E. Woodford, of Lawrence township, and J. G. Lester, of Massillon.

These committees retired immediately to formulate their reports.

It was decided that each set of delegates from the different townships and cities should cast their own vote of delegates and if there was to [illegible] should stand as cast for the purpose of allowing the delegates to act together.

The credential committee reported that all [illegible] were full and that there were no contests, after which the following delegates and alternates were named.

Canton First ward — Delegates, Judge M. E. August and George H. Clark, alternates, J. W. Burris and J. A. Bowman.

Second ward — Delegates, Julius Whiting, jr., and F. W. Pearson, alternates, J. Royal Snyder and J. W. Smith.

Third ward—Delegates, Charles Silverman and Mark Hambleton; alternates, Charles L. Renzenbrink and William Lantz.

Fourth ward—Delegates, R. F. Barnett and A. R. Lauffer; alternates, William Lauffer and A. E. Feldbush.

Fifth ward—Delegates, L. E. Skelton and Dr. E. S. Folk; alternates, Layton Wear and Clarence Baird.

Sixth ward—Delegates, Judge Jacob P. Fawcett and James T. Kennedy; alternates, H. E. Fife and C. W. Cox.

Canton township—Delegate, Charles M. Ball; alternate, H. A. Shock.

Alliance and Lexington township—Delegates, Edward Morgan, F. A. Hoiles, H. F. Coates, Walter M. Elliott; alternates, H. O. Koehler, O. F. Transue, A. L. McDonald, George W. Graven.

Massillon and [illegible] township—Delegates, Thomas Austin, L. B. Crawford, J. McGeorge, Z. T. Shoemaker, L. H. Day; alternates, John Austin, F. O. Himbeger, J. G. Lester, T. H. Smith, Thomas C. Brown.

Lawrence township—Delegate, David Williams, alternate, John P. Jones.

Paris township—Delegate, F. L. Shaffer; alternate, W. M. Jones.

Osnaburg and Washington townships—Delegate, George W. Eyer; alternate, W. D. Davis.

Nimishillen township — Delegate, William Bowen; alternate, M. P. Keim.

Tuscarawas township—Delegate, B. E. Lever; alternate, William Aston.

Jackson and Plain townships—Delegate, I. W. Aungst; alternate, D. H. Williams.

Lake and Marlboro townships—Delegate, John Sergeant; alternate, G. N. Fador.

Pike and Sandy [illegible] townships—Delegate, E. G. Wise; alternate, W. H. [illegible]

The [illegible] townships, [illegible] Wilson, [illegible] and the [illegible] Myron T. [illegible] the state convention without instructions.

THE MAYORS OF MASSILLON.

An Oil Painting of the First Mayor in Police Court.

SAMUEL PEASE FIRST ELECTED.

Councilmen Who Served With the First Mayor. A Long List of Mayors Elected Since That Time. Benedict B. Warner Served for Eight Years.

[illegible] of the city ordinances gives a list of municipal officers who have held office since 1856, the year in which the first council and mayor were elected. The councilmen who held office at the time of Mayor Pease's term of office were S. Bucklin, Warren C. Richards, Thomas C. McCullough, H. P. Braselman, I. N. Brown and G. W. Williams.

The names and terms of office of the succeeding mayors according to the lineup in the book of ordinances are as follow:

1856—William Brown
1857-59 (inclusive)—Isaac H. Brown.
1860—Robert J. Folger
1861—Clement Russell
1862—Samuel Pease
1863-64—Robert H. Folger
1865-66—Benedict B. Warner
1867-68—Joseph Hartz
1869—P. C. Coe
1870—Otto L. Young
1871—S. C. Pease
1872-73—Joseph Hartz
1874—W. A. Reed
1875-76—Thomas Scott
1877-78—J. A. Wise.
1879-80—Benedict Bell

CONDITIONS IMPROVED.

Fewer Guards on Duty Today in Chicago.

Chicago, May 15.—Martin Lacy, a non-union colored teamster driving a wagon on Wentworth avenue, was dragged from his vehicle by six men and beaten into insensibility today. Business was resumed on a larger scale than on any previous day since the strike was inaugurated, and wagons moved along the streets with smaller police protection than heretofore.

AN ADMIRAL MURDERED.

Russian Naval Officer Killed by His Orderly.

St. Petersburg, May 13.—Vice Admiral Nazitoff was shot and killed by his orderly in his room today. The orderly fired three shots from a revolver. The crime is attributed to anger at his dismissal from his duties as orderly and being ordered to proceed to the front.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE INDEPENDENT.

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Both Telephones No. 60.

Weekly Founded in 1863.
Daily Founded in 1887.
Semi-Weekly Founded in 1896.

Entered at Massillon postoffice as second-class matter.

MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS.

THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on sale at Bahney's Book Store, Bammerlin's Cigar Stand and Hankins's News Stand in North Mill Street.

MONDAY, MAY 15, 1905

George A. Rudd, the retiring president of the Cleveland retail merchants' board of the chamber of commerce, declares that the most valuable and efficient clerk and salesman in any mercantile establishment is less important to its success than the newspaper advertising that brings people into the store. This obvious truth is becoming better realized every day. Advertising is the biggest force in modern business.

Since he took up the duties of superintendent of public schools in this city a year ago C. L. Cronebaugh has demonstrated in every way his eminent fitness for the position. His re-election by the board of education for a term of three years causes widespread satisfaction. Superintendent Cronebaugh set out at the beginning of his career in Massillon to make the public schools here rank with the best in the state and proofs of the successful working out of this ambition are already in evidence.

President Roosevelt's remarks on law and order made at the Iroquois club banquet the other night seem to have pleased Chicago mightily. It remains to be seen whether they are to have the effect of rousing the authorities to the need of stopping violence and riot before it expands into mob rule. As the President says: "Back of the city stands the state and back of the state stands the nation," but the city has no right to depend upon its backing until it has done its whole duty by its law abiding citizens.

FATHER BOESKIN INJURED

Former West Brookfield Rector Fell from Altar.

The Crestline Advocate tells of an accident which recently befell the Rev. H. E. Boeskin, formerly rector of St. Barbara's church at West Brookfield, as follows:

Just before the 5 o clock service at St. Joseph's church Tuesday morning what might have been a very serious accident occurred. The Rev. H. E. Boeskin had mounted a ladder at the center of the altar when his vestments came in contact with one of the numerous candles which had been burning during the forty hours' devotion being held there. They at once started to blaze up and Father Boeskin, seeing his danger, jumped from the ladder sideways, his feet striking the edge of the altar steps and causing him to fall heavily to the floor. The church was packed and a large number of the congregation ran to his assistance but the force of the fall put out the flames. Father Boeskin went on with the services, but it was afterwards found that his instep was quite seriously sprained and in the evening he could not stand on the foot, and, consequently was unable to take part in the services. He will be confined to the house for some time.

PRIMER OF FORESTRY.

A Source of Positive Information—Part II Just Issued.

As a source of positive information about what forestry really is, and to spread a knowledge of its methods, a book has been prepared by Mr. Gifford Pinchot, forester of the United States department of agriculture and chief of the bureau of forestry, entitled "A Primer of Forestry," which is published in two parts. Part I was issued in 1899, and has passed through several editions, reaching a circulation of about 225,000 copies. It deals with the life of a single tree, with trees as they exist in a forest, with the life of a forest, and with the enemies of the forest.

Part II of the Primer has just been published. It deals with "Practical Forestry," the purpose of which is defined as "to make the forest render its best service to man in such a way as to increase rather than to diminish its usefulness in the future." In other words, it means "both the use and the preservation of the forest."

Chapter I of Part II tells of the varied uses of the forest; specifies the four requisites if the forest is to yield good returns under management—protection, strong and abundant reproduction, regular supply of ripe trees, and growing space sufficient for each tree; discusses the yield of a forest, describing how it is determined and showing that it must keep even pace with the growth; and concludes by describing the different systems of cutting trees in such a way as to get the best returns from the forest, while at the same time improving its usefulness.

The second chapter discusses "Work in the Woods." Conservative and ordinary lumbering are contrasted, and the great superiority of conservative work shown. Information and suggestions are given on the work from the time the tree is found standing in the forest until it passes through some distant mill. The chapter is intensely practical, and indicates changes in present lumbering methods which will make for the advantage of the forest.

Chapter III is entitled "The Weather and the Streams." It discusses the influence forests have on climate, and explains in detail the effect of forest cover on temperature, moisture, evaporation, rainfall and fallen rain. One of the most vitally important functions of the forest is to restrain the fallen rain, to prevent erosion of the soil, and to store away the water for gradual use in the future.

Chapter IV, the last, is a short sketch of the history of forestry abroad and at home. Important events in forestry in this country are recorded down to the first of this year. The sowing of the United States in this field is behind that of every other civilized nation. Still initial steps of high promise have recently been taken, and there can be no question but that the development of a truly American system of forest management, adjusted to our own conditions, is now fairly under way.

Part II of the Primer supplements Part I, and the two together give the fundamentals of forestry in terse and compact form. Part II is illustrated by eighteen plates and forty-seven text figures. In typographical execution and general appearance it is an exact counterpart of Part I. The Primer as a whole will be read with profit by every one who takes a practical interest in the forests and who wishes to see them protected and properly developed as one of the greatest resources of the nation.

DON'T EXPERIMENT.

You Will Make No Mistake If You Follow This Massillon Citizen's Advice.

Never neglect your health. If you suspect your kidneys—if you have pain in the back, urinary disorders, dizziness and nervousnese, it is time to act, and no time to experiment. Use a remedy which is known to be safe and sure. Doan's Kidney Pills is that remedy, and if you wish to be cured of kidney trouble without experimenting, do not fail to use it. Others have used it and have been cured, and cured permanently. Why not follow the advice of a Massillon citizen and be cured yourself?

John A Haag, retired, living at 316 North street, Massillon, says: "In the summer of 1898 I first procured Doan's Kidney Pills and the treatment did me so much good that I allowed my name to be used as a reference for them. I was interviewed a second time in May, 1900, and I then stated that my confidence in Doan's Kidney Pills was as steadfast as when I first used them. I can simply add today, and it is July 1904 more than six years since I first used them, that I have the greatest confidence in them and have no hesitancy in re-endorsing my opinions first expressed regarding this remedy. Doan's Kidney Pills can be depended upon to act up to the representations made for them. I keep them on hand all the time and use them whenever I need a medicine of this kind."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50c per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

Come to THE INDEPENDENT office for your job printing.

Often The Kidneys Are Weakened by Over-Work.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

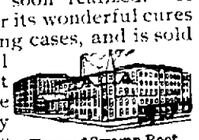
It used to be considered that only urinary and bladder troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all diseases have their beginning in the disorder of these most important organs.

The kidneys filter and purify the blood—that is their work.

Therefore, when your kidneys are weak or out of order, you can understand how quickly your entire body is affected and how every organ seems to fail to do its duty.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking the great kidney remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases, and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also a pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.



Home of Swamp-Root.

VICTIMS NUMBER 20

Nine Charred Corpses Lie Unidentified in Morgue at Harrisburg.

ABOUT 100 PERSONS INJURED

Senator Knox's Daughter and Her Husband Escape Death and Are Succored by Governor Pennypacker. Robert Pitcairn's Son-in-Law Succumbs to Injuries—Thrilling Tales Told by Survivors.

Harrisburg, May 12.—Twenty persons are known to be dead and more than 100 were injured in the railroad wreck and dynamite explosion which occurred on the Pennsylvania railroad in the southern part of this city. That more persons were not killed is considered remarkable by the railroad officials, as a full box car of dynamite exploded directly at the middle of the heavy express train. The list of dead and injured is as follows:

V. L. Crabbe, Pittsburg.
George Zeigler, Pittsburg.
James R. Phillips, Pittsburg.
Paul Bright, Pittsburg.
Mr. Shaw, Pittsburg.
J. L. Silverman, Philadelphia.
H. K. Thomas, Parkesburg, Pa., engineer of express train.
C. Kuhlman, Altoona, Pa.
Norma Martina, 7 months old.
Alfred Crosby, Philadelphia, conductor of Cleveland express.

Nine unidentified bodies.

The following is a partial list of the more seriously injured:

D. R. White, baggageman, Philadelphia; Hilma Erickson, New York; F. W. Brode, Memphis, Tenn.; R. G. Devin, Philadelphia; Marion D. Kantz, New York; Dr. McCullough, Cleveland, O.; B. Ward, New York; George A. Loeffler, Pittsburg; Bella Udverachy, Newark, N. J.; Mrs. Rose Roman, Brooklyn; John Taylor, New York; Solomon Botkowsy, New York; Mrs. Charles H. Stow, Bensonhurst, N. Y.; Mrs. Henry C. Yard, Bensonhurst, N. Y.; John B. Mason, Philadelphia; James Rawson, Trenton, N. J.; Carl Duker, Pittsburg; Max Klauber, New York; H. L. Godfrey, Cleveland; W. H. Van Tyne, Pittsburg; Mrs. Frank Ailes, Pittsburg; Joseph Garman, Pittsburg; Mrs. W. S. Huselton, Pittsburg; J. W. Anderson, Pittsburg; M. O. Coggins, Pittsburg; Charles Norton, Cleveland; R. R. Dickey, Philadelphia; J. W. Anderson, Pittsburg; Mrs. A. R. Woodworth, Springboro, Pa.; William Kline, New York; Edwin L. Harmon, Pittsburg; Henry M. Keasbry, New York; Charles Donnelly, Pittsburg; Anna Peter, Cleveland; I. H. Amos, Columbus, O.; H. P. Bope, Pittsburg; W. K. Taylor, Pittsburg; John Hay, Vineland, N. J.; Isadore Klinerman, Trenton, N. J.; Rodney D. Allen, Philadelphia; Rose Parley, Philadelphia; E. D. Sauerland, Philadelphia; Arden Post, Elizabeth, N. J.; George Griswold, New York; Charles D. Forrest, Cleveland; W. E. McMillan, Wilkinsburg, Pa.; Daniel Otstott, Chicago; F. H. Acheson, Denver; George M. Sullivan, New York; A. P. Shumaker, Pittsburg; Antony Peter, Cleveland; G. W. Dorschimer, Philadelphia; Joseph Eberly, New York; Alfred Crosby, conductor, Philadelphia; Samuel Shubert, New York; A. Thalheimer, New York; J. A. Dawes, Pittsburg; Marion D. Kentz, New York; A. G. Cope, Pittsburg.

Prominent Persons on the Train.

The train carried a number of prominent persons and most of them escaped with only slight injuries. Among those on the train were Mr. and Mrs. Tindle of Pittsburg, the latter the daughter of United States Senator Knox; Mrs. A. J. Barr, wife of the proprietor of the Pittsburg Post, and her two daughters; Victor L. Crabbe, son-in-law of Robert Pitcairn of Pittsburg, assistant to President A. J. Cassatt of the Pennsylvania railroad, and Sam S. Shubert, one of the prominent theatrical managers of New York. Mr. Crabbe died in a Harrisburg hospital at noon, a few minutes before his father-in-law reached his bedside. Mr. Shubert was reported to be badly injured, but the others were only slightly hurt.

The wrecked train was the second section of the Cleveland and Cincinnati express, leaving Philadelphia at 11:05 o'clock p. m. It consisted of a combination baggage and smoking car, one day coach and six sleepers. There are various stories of how the wreck occurred, but the official version is as follows:

Wreck Caused by a Shifter.

About 1:40 o'clock the engineer of an eastbound freight train was flagged by the crew of a shifting engine ahead on the same track. The engineer quickly put on his airbrakes and the train, an unusually long one, came to a sudden halt. The strain on the air valves was a severe one, and the air hose in the middle of the train blew out. This caused the middle of the train to "buckle" and the damaged cars fell over on the passenger tracks.

Just as this happened the Cleveland express came thundering up and "sideswiped" the wreck. The express was stopped within its own length and the third sleeper was opposite the wrecked cars. Before anyone could leave the passenger train, which was not very badly damaged, a few slight explosions occurred, and then there was one great flash and roar that shook the earth.

A scene of horror followed the blowing up of the dynamite. The passenger cars and some of the freight cars instantly took fire. Men and women came tumbling from the car windows or crawled from under the wreckage. No one for the moment seemed to know what to do, and many of the passengers ran wildly about the fields on the north side of the railroad or waded into the shallow waters of the river which parallels the railroad on the south.

The work of rescue was at first slow, and it seemed as though the flames would envelop the entire express train before those who were pinned beneath the debris could be freed. Everywhere there came shrieks for help and the frantic rescuers worked with willing hands. Scores of those who were trapped in their sleeping berths or pinioned under wreckage were taken out and laid in the field badly hurt.

The cries of the dying were heartrending in the extreme, but nothing could be done for them. Many of those willing to help, but unable to do so, had to turn away from the horrible scene. An alarm of fire was sent in, but when the firemen reached the scene the flames had done their work so far as the victims in the wreck were concerned. The entire train was consumed.

Dressing Hurts of the Injured.

After the victims in the wreck were beyond human aid more attention was paid to the injured, who presented a pitiable sight as they lay in the field or on the banks of the river. With the firemen came a corps of physicians from the city and the work of attending the injured began in earnest. As quickly as temporarily relieved of pain from burns or other injuries they were placed on special trains and trolley cars and rushed to the hospital.

The people of the sparsely settled neighborhood nobly came to the relief of the injured and those who escaped in their night clothes. Blankets and bedding and clothes from the homes of the foreign speaking people, who are in the large majority in this section, were brought to the scene by the wagonload and nearly every one was provided for.

Several hundred railroad laborers were on the spot within an hour and at daybreak their number had been increased to a thousand. It was a gruesome task for the railroad men. Not one whole body was found in the wreck. Either an arm or a leg or all four limbs were burned off the trunk, and in several cases only portions of trunks were found.

Ten charred bodies were found under one Pullman car. It is the belief of the railroad officials that if the explosion had not occurred there probably would have been no loss of life.

The dead were taken to Boyd's undertaking rooms, near the hospital, which were transformed into a temporary morgue. Coroner Krouse will begin taking testimony today at the court house.

Hospital Crowded to Doors.

The hospital is crowded to the doors and row after row of cots now occupy the wards. Chairs were utilized as beds for the children who were injured and the benches of the chapel were used to make comfortable the less seriously injured.

Governor Pennypacker got out of his bed at 3 o'clock in the morning to look after Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Tindle of Pittsburg, the latter the daughter of United States Senator Knox, who were on their way home from Philadelphia. Mr. and Mrs. Tindle escaped from the wreck in their night clothes and walked to Steelton, where they telephoned to the governor of their misfortune. Private Secretary Wharton started on horseback to Steelton and on the way he met a cab, which was pressed into service, and Mr. and Mrs. Tindle were brought to the executive mansion before daybreak. Mrs. Tindle's feet were cut and bruised from walking on the railroad tracks. The governor procured clothing for her and her husband and they were soon made comfortable.

Mr. Pitcairn arrived here in a special train with his daughter, Mrs. Crabbe, and other members of his family shortly after the death of Mr. Crabbe. The body was sent to Pittsburg on the special last night.

Mrs. Barr's Injuries Slight.

Mrs. Barr and her daughter escaped from the burning wreck with scarcely any clothing and they were among the first to be taken to the hospital. The physicians soon found that their injuries were slight and the ladies were taken to the residence of Dr. M. L. Woodford, where they were fitted out with clothing. Mr. Barr arrived here from New York at noon and was soon afterward joined by members of his family from Pittsburg.

After the remains had all been gathered and sent to the morgue the work of clearing the tracks was begun, and at 9 o'clock two of the four tracks were open for traffic. The other two had been wiped out by the explosion and it will be several days or a week before they can be repaired.

The scene of the wreck was visited by probably more than 50,000 persons. There were at least 5,000 persons constantly at the place. They came from Lancaster and from all the small towns within 50 miles. The authorities had matters well in hand, however, and kept the crowd back from the tracks by means of ropes stretched along the telegraph poles.

W. B. McCaleb, superintendent of the Philadelphia division, said he was unable as yet to fix any responsibility for the accident. A thorough investigation, he said, is now being made by his men.

The force of the explosion upset a lamp in the residence of T. P. Martin, No. 10 Sixteenth street, this city, starting a fire that destroyed three houses.

Miss Hilmina Erickson of New York escaped almost naked with a few bruises. She was asleep in her berth when the explosion occurred and the second shock threw her to the floor. Struggling to her feet, she saw an open window. After a brief struggle Miss Erickson managed to escape from the car unaided. Scantily clothed, she ran up and down the river shore weeping and pleading for help. Here she was found suffering from cold and shock and, wrapped in a blanket, was brought to a Harrisburg hotel.

Miss Gardner of New York escaped to a shanty near the scene of the wreck with nothing of her clothing left save a shred of night gown. She was dressed by the wife of a workingman and sent to Harrisburg.

Engineman Is Decapitated.

The lifeless body of Engineer Thomas, with the head almost severed, was found lying over an embankment. Farther up, lying on the tracks, was the body of Mrs. Robert G. Dougherty of Philadelphia, with her husband and 8-year-old son standing guard and silently weeping over the body.

Among those who were rescued with slight injuries was Miss Brown, daughter of Congressman Brown of Pittsburg, and her companion, Miss Woodworth of Philadelphia. They lost all of their baggage. By good fortune they succeeded in escaping from the Pullman car window and were wandering around the fields when they were met by J. M. Lamberton of Harrisburg, a personal friend, who had been on the same train. Mr. Lamberton was unable to get a berth and was traveling to Harrisburg in a day coach.

Mrs. W. S. Huselton and daughter of Pittsburg escaped without serious injuries, although Miss Huselton received a painful wound on the arm. They were dragged from a Pullman window before the flames reached them.

Harvey Feldman and wife of Franklin, Pa., were in the drawing room of one of the sleepers on their way home from New York.

PRESIDENT HOME AGAIN.

Traveled 6,000 Miles and Visited 15 States and Territories.

Washington, May 12. — President Roosevelt reached home at midnight from his western trip, which he regards as one of the most enjoyable journeys he has taken since he has been president. He traveled 6,006 miles and passed through 12 states and three territories. Every state and territory in the United States except Florida and Arkansas has been visited by Mr. Roosevelt since he became president, and it is his intention to accept the hospitality of these states before his term is finished.

It is probable that he will make a tour of the south some time before the convening of congress in the fall of this year. The demonstrations at every point where the president spoke are said by the official members of the party to have been the heartiest that have ever been accorded him on any trip.

The president was particularly pleased with the manner in which he was received in Chicago. Banquets were numerous on the trip, but the president told the crew of his car "Rocket" that he never enjoyed anything more than the dinners they had prepared for him.

The president left the train immediately after it rolled into the station. He shook hands with train employes, newspaper men and others who greeted him. Then with Dr. Lambert he stepped into his carriage and was driven to the White House. Marshal Palmer of the District of Columbia and Assistant Secretary Barnes of the White House and staff were at the station to meet the president.

TIDAL WAVES ON LAKE.

Remarkable Phenomenon Observed on Michigan's Shores.

Chicago, May 12.—Reports of a remarkable tidal wave along the west shore of Lake Michigan have been received here. The wave seemed to be the highest at Kenosha and Raising, Wis., where a wall of water swept in, causing much damage and alarm along the docks. At Chicago the wave simply raised the stage of water and caused a very heavy current down the drainage canal. Boats navigated the river with the greatest difficulty as a result of the high current.

Weather conditions in Chicago were such that recurrences of tidal waves along the west shore was anticipated. The rain during the last 12 hours has been almost unprecedented. Within a few hours the fire department answered 80 calls to pump out basements in various parts of the city.

The wave is attributed to difference in barometic pressure at different points, producing a wave or "seiche." The pressure being relieved at one point, the water rises through the heavy pressure on the surface some distance away.

Lover Aids Lunatic to Escape.

Taunton, Mass., May 12.—The escape of Grace Darby from the state insane asylum here caused a sensation when it developed that she had been aided by her sweetheart. In the description made public by the hospital authorities it is said that she is a physically perfect woman of more than ordinary beauty of face and form.

Teacher to Be a Cabinet Lady.

Des Moines, May 12.—James Wilson, secretary of agriculture, according to a dispatch from Traer, Ia., his former home, will be married there in June. The name of the bride is not announced, but she is believed to be a school teacher whom he has known for years.

100 SLAIN BY STORM

Corpses of Victims Strew Path of Destructive Tornado in Oklahoma.

TOWN OF SNYDER ANNIHILATED

Survivors Suffer Hardships in Addition to Loss of Friends and Relatives—Aid Being Sent to Scene. Undertakers Take 100 Coffins.

Guthrie, Okla., May 12.—The death list of the tornado at Snyder will probably exceed 100 persons. Ninety-five bodies have been recovered, a dozen persons are missing and given up for dead, and of the 41 seriously wounded several are likely to die. More than 100 other persons suffered less severe injuries.

Relief is being sent from neighboring towns. Oklahoma City sent 100 men to dig graves and seek the dead still in the ruins and a dozen undertakers with 100 coffins. Offers of financial assistance have come from numerous cities. Governor Ferguson of Oklahoma has issued a proclamation calling attention to the needs of the stricken town.

It is still difficult to obtain information from Snyder. A single telegraph wire furnishes an outlet, but it is blocked with private messages concerning the dead and injured.

To add to the general confusion and distress after the tornado had passed fire broke out and burned up all that remained of the buildings in one of the business blocks. So far it has not been possible to find out whether any bodies were cremated, but it is possible that such is the case.

Splinter Through Woman's Head.

An unidentified woman was picked up dead, having been pinioned to the ground by a long sliver which entered her left eye and came out through the back of her head. Clarence Donovan, a railroad engineer, and Miss Nina Fessenden were to have been married, but had just postponed the nuptials. Both were instantly killed by the storm.

Fred Crump, a boy, had started to a cellar when a flying timber decapitated him. Debris was carried northeast as far as Cooperton, 12 miles, and it is reported that there are more fragments at that town than in the tornado path at Snyder. About 75 head of horses and cattle were killed at Snyder.

The mayor of Snyder is having much trouble arranging for the burial of the dead. The confusion is great, owing to the fact that there are a number of unidentified bodies at the morgues. There is much suffering owing to lack of provisions and places to stay. What houses remain in the town are in bad condition and are unsafe for habitation. Besides, there is not room enough to care for the homeless. Bedding and wearing apparel are both lacking and despite the effort to succor the unfortunates they are still in a pitiable condition. Many of the wounded could not be cared for or given medical aid until 9 o'clock in the morning, and by that time their wounds were aggravated. Dr. York of Hobart, who was active in relieving the suffering, says that 20 per cent of the wounded will die.

People Caught Unawares.

Snyder, Okla., May 12.—The havoc wrought by the tornado was astonishing. Out of a town that housed 1,000 persons not more than a score of houses are intact, while two-thirds of the buildings are wrecked. The storm formed south of Olustee, near the Texas line, and took a northeasterly course through a well-settled region. At 8 o'clock it was observed by the people of Snyder, but the usual funnel shaped formation was lacking, and though the roar was plainly heard for some time before the storm broke, many were of the opinion that it was a hail storm.

Within a few minutes the sky suddenly became dark and a terrific downpour of rain began, lasting for several minutes. Then the rain stopped almost as suddenly as it had started. For a few moments an unusual calm followed and then the tornado struck, tearing buildings to pieces as though they were made of paper.

Many people who had thought to take advantage of the calm to seek refuge in cellars were caught in the streets. Some were lifted high in the air and dashed to the ground as though hurled from a catapult, while others were struck by flying debris and beaten almost beyond recognition. Those who remained in their houses fared no better in the path of the tornado, which swept across all except a few blocks in the southeastern corner of the town. Frame structures collapsed like eggshells, burying occupants under the debris, killing, crushing and maiming.

Changes in Wage Scale.

Detroit, May 12.—The Amalgamated association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, now in annual session here, has adopted a tonnage scale for strangers in place of the per diem system. The sheet steel workers' scale, in which the wage committee recommended an 18 per cent increase, will probably be adopted today. Joseph Bishop of Columbus, O., the first president of the Amalgamated association, addressed the convention and was very cordially received.

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TOMBS DOORS OPEN

Nan Patterson Steps Forth, Freed at Prosecuting Attorney's Word.

SMITHS ARE ALSO RELEASED

Happy Reunion Follows and Nan Takes Train for Home in Washington—Smith's $250 Fine for Contempt of Court Paid by Nan.

New York, May 13.—After more than 11 months in prison and three mistrials on the charge of murdering Caesar Young, Nan Patterson walked from the Tombs a free woman. As she left the great building which has been her home since a few days after Young was found dying in a cab in lower New York, 2,000 people greeted her with cheers, for the news that District Attorney Jerome would move for her dismissal from custody had spread throughout the vicinity of the court house. But the accused girl had but a few seconds to see and hear the demonstration before she was whisked away in a cab with her attorney, Abraham Levy.

The move to discharge Nan Patterson came rather unexpectedly. It was an hour or more before noon when District Attorney Jerome appeared before Recorder Goff and announced that he desired to move the discharge of the former chorus girl without bail and on her own recognizance.

This announcement followed three trials for murder. The second and third of these trials—the latter concluded but a few days ago—resulted in disagreements; the first in the discharge of the jury because of the illness of a juror before the case had been concluded.

Nan Pays Smith's Fine.

Not the least interesting of the day's developments and perhaps the dramatic climax to the troubles of the former Florodora girl was the reunion in freedom with her sister, Mrs. J. Morgan Smith, and her brother-in-law, J. Morgan Smith, both of whom were discharged by Justice Cowing in the court of general sessions after being held on charges of conspiracy in connection with the Patterson case. Smith was also held for contempt of court in failing to obey a subpoena as a witness at the first trial. He was fined $250 and released on this charge. Then came the surprise, for Nan Patterson herself paid the fine out of a $300 check which had been given her by a friendly newspaper.

District Attorney Jerome announced his decision to free Nan Patterson in a speech in the course of which he declared that during two of the trials of the girl all the evidence in the possession of the district attorney's office had been presented and that in both cases there had been a disagreement. He said he did not believe that at this time "in this country another trial would result in anything else than a disagreement." Then he declared that during the last trial he had information that the members of the jury had agreed that J. Morgan Smith had bought the revolver, that Nan Patterson carried it in the cab and that Caesar Young did not commit suicide. He took occasion to refute published reports as to the cost of the proceedings. Following this line he declared that the newspapers had made "gross misrepresentations," and then said:

Jerome Scolds the Newspapers.

"This case has caused one more step in this country toward trial by newspaper rather than trial by jury. I do not refer to those papers which have merely reported the proceedings, but to those that in their editorial rooms have labored to arouse sympathy for the prisoner with the result of a serious miscarriage of justice.

"Everything that the prosecution has done had my approbation."

Miss Patterson was sent for and as a court officer met her in her cell he said: "Come on, Nan. It is all right; you are going free."

Recorder Goff, the venerable judge who has tried so many famous criminal cases, met the eyes of the girl as she walked slowly into the court room and took the same seat which she occupied during the trying days of her last trial.

"Nan Patterson," he said, "the district attorney has seen fit to recommend your discharge. I feel bound to say I fully coincide in the decision. There is nothing I can say in this case that has not already been said, but let me entreat you in your future life to remember the terrible ordeal through which you have passed and to permit every action of your life to be guided by that remembrance. Goodby," and the recorder bowed his head as he uttered the final word and closed the case.

Crowds Cheer the Happy Chorus Girl.

A moment later the girl was shaking hands with her counsel. Then she walked steadily from the court to find herself in the arms of her father just outside the door. The crowds in the corridor cheered and the police let them have their way. As she reached the street door the demonstration was taken up by a throng outside. Hurrying through the crowd she took her place in a cab, smiling and nodding to the friendly greetings.

As the cab started downtown to the office of her counsel mounted police surrounded it and kept back the increasing crowd which was threatening one of the most remarkable demonstrations ever seen at the Tombs.

In Mr. Levy's offices Miss Patterson briefly expressed her thanks to her counsel, announced to the newspaper men she was going to her mother in Washington and was driven to the St Paul hotel. Then she met her sister and they took an automobile ride. J. Morgan Smith joined the two later and the trio dined together. Miss Patterson took a late train for Washington.

OBSTACLES TO OVERCOME.

Canal Commissioner Shonts Enumerates and Disposes of Them.

Chicago, May 13.—Theodore P. Shonts, president of the Panama canal commission, declared that in the few weeks he had been actively at work on the affairs of the canal he had discovered that while the immensity of the project is likely to stagger even an enthusiastic supporter of it, the obstacles presented are by no means insuperable.

THEODORE P. SHONTS.

He said: "I have found that while the building of the canal is a stupendous project, it is by no means one which cannot be put through to a successful finish. There are just three principal propositions and I enumerate them this way:

"Climatic conditions. The solution of this lies in sanitation. We will have the greatest sanitary experts in the world associated with us and I am sure that we will overcome the climate.

"Labor. The solution for the difficulties involved in securing enough of the right kind of labor lies in fair treatment, fair wages and enforced sanitation.

"The engineering problem. Its immensity is the only staggering thing about it. The same organization and the same forces applied to this project that are used in less gigantic enterprises of the same kind but on a similarly large scale will, in my opinion, make a successful job."

SECRET CODE REVEALED.

Former Armour Stenographer Tells Tales Out of School.

Chicago, May 13.—Sensational testimoney as to an alleged secret code used by the Armour car lines in making rebates was given before the interstate commerce commission here. The testimony was given by H. Streyckmans, formerly employed by Armour & Co. as stenographer. Witness read from a book some of the code words and their meaning as follows: "Laughsome—Rebate. Launch—Better arrange rebate there. Launching—Can make rebate. Laura—Handle rebate matters very carefully. Lava—Pay rebates from cash on hand. Laveallo—Rebate must be confidential. Woodpath—Interstate commerce commission."

Here there was a ripple of laughter among the shippers present. The interstate commerce commissioners smiled. Mr. Streyckmans continued: "Woodpront—Avoid service of summons from interstate commerce commission."

The laughter grew more audible.

"Footnot—Meet interstate commerce commission. Imprinted—Judson C Clements of Georgia. Imprintings—J C. Yeomens. Imprison—Charles A. Prouty—Improbitas—J. W. Fifer. Improbity—A. R. Mosely."

When the code words standing for the names of the interstate commerce commissioners were read laughter and hand clapping among the shippers caused Chairman Clements to rap for order.

Questioned regarding prices paid by various railroads for icing cars, Mr. Streyckmans replied: "The Northwestern billed ice at $1 a ton. That furnished by the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul was billed at $2.50 with a rebate of $1 being granted on a counter-claim. In the case of the Erie it was $1.25. This gave large profits to the Armour lines."

ONE CONVERT MADE.

President of Chicago Great Western Favors Rate Fixing Bill.

Washington, May 13.—A. B. Stickney, president of the Chicago Great Western railroad, has filed with the senate committee on interstate commerce a statement in favor of giving the interstate commerce commission power to fix rates. He says that the commission would be the most satisfactory arbitrator possible.

Speaking of rebates, he says that "since the injunctions the traffic directors have stopped paying rebates on grain shipments, but in lieu thereof have paid elevator fees, which is another way of giving rebates. A government commission would be untrammeled by competition or a desire to secure tonnage for any particular line and could frame an equitable schedule."

Inspector's Mail Tampered With.

Washington, May 13.—Ambassador Storer has reported to the state department that Hungarian officials have been opening the mail of Marcus Braun, one of the special immigrant inspectors of the department of commerce and labor who has been conducting an inquiry for the department in Budapest.

Jones to Sleep at Annapolis.

Washington, May 13.—President Roosevelt has approved the recommendation of Secretary Morton that the body of John Paul Jones be buried at Annapolis, Md.

MORE VICTIMS DEAD

List of Fatalities in Harrisburg Railway Disaster Now Placed at 22.

SAMUEL SHUBERT SUCCUMBS

Miss Yetta Robinson, Taken from the Wreck Dead, Identified by Her Teeth—Unidentified to Be Buried Today After Public Funeral Service.

Harrisburg, May 13.—Two more victims of the wreck of the Cleveland and Cincinnati express on the Pennsylvania railroad at South Harrisburg have died, bringing the total number of victims to 22. Two others are in a critical condition. Sixteen of the dead have been identified. The bodies of the others are so horribly charred and burned that it is doubtful if they will ever be positively identified.

The names of the dead, in addition to those already published, are: Samuel Shubert, New York theatrical manager; Max Stettheimer, manufacturer, New York; Thomas Lewis, Pullman conductor, Philadelphia; Charles Bisinni, Philadelphia; Miss Yetta Robinson, Cleveland; Rudolphus Martini, Italian child, 7 years old, of New York, and Mr. —— Shaw, Pittsburg.

Mr. Shubert died at the Commonwealth hotel surrounded by members of his family and business associates. His body was taken to New York in a special furnished by the Pennsylvania railroad. Funeral services will be held next Monday in New York. The body will be held in a vault until the arrival of Lee Shubert, a brother, now in Europe. Mr. Shubert's attorney, William Klien, and Abe Thalheimer, one of his managers, who were also injured in the wreck, returned to New York with the body.

Max Stettheimer died at the Harrisburg hospital. His body was taken to New York by a brother. Another brother arrived with Mr. Stettheimer's family physician soon after he passed away.

Joseph Eberly of New York and Mrs. Anna Peters of Cleveland are at the hospital and are not expected to live. All the other injured at the hospital are expected to recover. Three of the charred bodies at the morgue have been identified as Thomas Lewis, who was recognized by his gold watch and chain; Charles Bisinni and Miss Robinson, who were recognized by their teeth.

Public services over the bodies of the unidentified dead will be held this afternoon in the Market Square Presbyterian church. Each of the bodies will be dressed and placed in a separate coffin for interment in the Harrisburg cemetery.

TO TRY IT A THIRD TIME.

Ohio Couple Twice Divorced Will Enter Upon Third Venture.

Lima, O., May 13.—For the third time within 12 years Jacob Gottfried, foreman of construction work on the Western Ohio traction line, has married the same woman, having twice been divorced from her.

The first decree was granted in 1893, the second in 1903, and since the last divorce Mrs. Gottfried sued Daniel Miller for breach of promise, asking for $5,000 damages.

The case was settled June 16, 1904, by Miller paying $200 and the court costs, and she has now consented to become Mrs. Gottfried for the third time.

AGED LADY IN SAD PLIGHT.

Wedged Between Two Buildings 24 Hours Before Discovered.

Cambridge, O., May 13.—Mrs. Mary Fiedler, the aged lady who mysteriously disappeared from the Arcade hotel, has been found in the narrow space between the hotel building and the adjoining structure. Her son, A. R. Fiedler, discovered her in the perilous predicament and after hard work managed to extricate her.

Mrs. Fiedler fell into the space from the roof of an old porch, which gave way under her. She was not badly hurt, but was unable to attract any one's attention. She had been in the narrow prison 24 hours.

Ministers Opposed to Herrick.

Lorain, O., May 13.—At a district conference of the Methodist ministers held at Lagrange, this county, the following resolution was passed: "We regard the renomination of Governor Herrick, should it take place, by the Republican party, as a direct insult to the Christian inhabitants of the state. We condemn his renomination, will vote against him and work unceasingly for his defeat."

A Zoological Freak.

Tiffin, O., May 13.—Walter Unger found in a carload of bananas a curious animal, which has been pronounced a zoological freak. It is as large as a muskrat, is reddish brown, has a head like a badger, web feet, and eyes out of proportion to the head. It also has a hump on its back and is provided with a long jointed tail, with which it is almost as dextrous as a monkey.

Left $105,000 to Wesleyan University.

Delaware, O., May 13.—Morris W. Sharp, who died recently at Washington C. H., has left $105,000 to Ohio Wesleyan university for the founding of a theological school.

ASK AID FOR SUFFERERS.

Survivors of Oklahoma Cyclone Are in Pitiable Plight.

Snyder, Okla., May 13.—Snyder is still paralyzed as a result of the tornado that killed more than 100 persons and razed most of the buildings. The hospital arrangements are fearful, but they are the best that can be secured. During a heavy wind some of the injured were conveyed on stretchers from the improvised hospital to various places. Rain began falling furiously and the wounded were drenched. All the graves dug for victims are filled with water, which must be bailed out before the bodies can be buried.

J. R. Abernathy, a wolf hunter of Frederick, who accompanied President Roosevelt on his wolf hunt, is assisting in the relief work. Abernathy was many miles from Snyder on a promontory of the Wichita mountains when he saw three tornado funnels whirling along towards Snyder, sweeping everything clean. He said:

"The center funnel did the heaviest damage. The funnel south of the main funnel merged with the center funnel as the north fork of the Red river was crossed. As soon as these two funnels merged the two funnels remaining appeared to gain in velocity and moved in a due northeasterly direction at a rapid rate. About three or four miles due southwest of Vernon the two remaining funnels joined, and as soon as the one big funnel had the field to itself it fairly shot forward and it was this funnel that passed over Snyder. When there were three funnels the forward movement was exceedingly slow."

A relief committee, headed by E. Dowden, chairman, has been formed and the following appeal for aid has been issued:

"To the people of the United States: This place was almost obliterated by a cyclone on the evening of May 10. The people here are dividing their all, but have not enough to relieve the pressing necessity. Neighboring towns are generously supplying us with hospital supplies and food. Fully 300 families have been ruined by the storm; 1,500 people are more or less dependent on the good will of the generously inclined to tide them over the present distress. Money is urgently needed. Property loss, including crops, stock, homes and other property, will reach over $500,000, with a portion of the stricken district yet to be heard from. Almost continuous rains since the cyclone have rendered many of the roads almost impassable. The stricken people have helped the less fortunate to the extent of $500 in cash, besides dividing food, provisions and clothing with those who lost their all. In view of these circumstances we ask assistance from the American people."

STORM PLAYS HAVOC.

West Virginia Suffers From Floods and Lightning.

Huntington, W. Va., May 13.—A terrific storm of wind and rain has spread havoc throughout this section. Rumors of loss of life cannot be verified. Above Catlettsburg a torrent washed out 300 feet of the big pipe line of the Tri-State Gas company. As a result many of the residents of Guyandotte, Huntington, Kenova, Catlettsburg, Ashland and Ironton and the smaller intervening towns have been without light. The lightning interfered with the electric light. Wires were down for over 12 hours. There was no telegraphic service out of Huntington, the wires being down and nearly every long distance telephone line out of commission. This entire section was practically cut off from the outer world.

The unprecedented rise in the Guyandotte river, 18 feet within 12 hours, carried out the immense boom of C. Crane & Co. and between 75,000 and 100,000 logs went out into the Ohio river. Heavy damage to farmers was reported along the small streams, houses, barns, outhouses and live stock being carried away by the rush of water.

All communication with the interior is still cut off and it will be many hours before the extent of the loss can be ascertained. Other heavy losses were caused by landslides.

BEEF REPRESENTS GIRL.

Whose Death by Pistol Shot Is Being Probed by Grand Jury.

Akron, O., May 13.—Great slabs of beef, covered with cloth the thickness of clothing, were used as subjects by Prosecutor Hagelbarger before the grand jury and Hagelbarger fired numerous shots into them with a revolver to determine the effect of bullets.

The grand jury is investigating the mysterious death of Grace Trumphour, at Barberton, a few months ago, in the house of her fiance, Nelson Kepler, with whom she lived. Grace went to her room one night and shortly afterward a shot rang out. The family rushed in and found the girl writhing in death, a bullet through her heart. Nelson Kepler stood calmly by and declared the girl had committed suicide. He was the only witness and has steadfastly stood by his story.

The Keplers own half the real estate of Barberton.

GAS TANK COLLAPSES AND FOUR WORKMEN PERISH.

Philadelphia, May 13.—Two men were killed, two were fatally injured and two score others were more or less seriously burned by the collapse of an immense gas holder at the Point Breeze works of the United Gas Improvement company in the southern part of the city. The dead men are George H. Whalen, a tin roofer, and James Ogilvie, his assistant; Owen Brady and Robert Fleming, employes of the company.

CROKER'S LAST TRIP

Son of Former Tammany Chieftian Dies on Train After Being Drugged.

WAS ENROUTE TO OKLAHOMA

Second Time in Few Months Retired Political Leader Loses a Son by Violent Death—Police at Work on Pitiful Tragedy.

Kansas City, May 13.—Herbert V. Croker, a son of Richard Croker, the former New York political leader, has been found dead on a southbound Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railway train between Kansas City and Newton, Kan. He had died during the night, evidently from the effects of some drug administered at Kansas City, where he had taken the train for Bliss, Okla. The local police have been requested to hunt for a negro who is said to have placed Croker on the train at Kansas City.

According to a telephone message from Newton, Croker was found dead in a car seat just before the train reached Newton. The body was taken from the train at Newton. His identity did not become known until a message was received from Richard Croker at New York, several hours later, asking the authorities to hold the remains and stating that he would leave the east immediately for Newton.

The first clew to Croker's identity was a letter found in the dead man's pocket. This letter was addressed by Zach Mulhall, formerly of Oklahoma, who is now holding a wild west show in New York city, to Joseph Shiller, manager of the famous "101" ranch at Bliss, Okla. Inquiry by telephone elicited the information that Croker was not known at the Bliss ranch. Evidently he was on the way to the ranch for an outing.

Conductor Finds Croker Dead.

According to stories of passengers and the conductor on the train upon which Croker died, the young New Yorker was placed on the train at Kansas City by a negro shortly after 10 o'clock last night. Croker appeared to be under the influence of some drug. The negro was seen to hand him a sum of money and a railroad ticket just before the train started, when he jumped off and disappeared. When the conductor came around to collect Croker's fare the latter was asleep and the conductor did not disturb the passenger. Croker was left to himself all night until nearly 5 o'clock in the morning, when the conductor made another attempt to collect the fare. He was unable to arouse Croker and upon examination found that the young man was dead.

The coroner at Newton was telegraphed the fact and when the train reached that city the body was removed to an undertaking establishment. It was several hours later before Croker's identity was suspected.

Croker arrived in Kansas City early on Thursday and spent the afternoon at the Elm Ridge race track. He is known to have been in the company of several patrons of the race track before he boarded the train for the south.

Spent an Hour in Opium Joint.

The negro who put young Croker on the train was Charles Woodson, a porter at the Coates hotel. Woodson says that Croker had been drinking when he arrived at the hotel. After checking a small valise Croker, the negro says, asked where there was a "hop joint." After repeated requests, Woodson says, they went together to a Chinese resort, where they remained an hour. Woodson says that he then took Croker to the train. Croker's valise is still at the check stand at the hotel. Croker did not register at the hotel. Woodson tells a straight story and the police do not think that he was guilty of robbing Croker or otherwise abusing his confidence.

Chicago Strike on the Wane.

Chicago, May 13.—The employers' association operated 1,900 wagons and made deliveries in all parts of the city in spite of the teamsters' strike. Two non-union drivers were assaulted and beaten, one of them so severely that he may die. Beyond these cases there was no interference worth mentioning. It required 4,000 policemen and deputy sheriffs to afford security for the wagons and to guard freight houses and stores.

Hyde Seeks to Oust Alexander.

New York, May 13.—James W. Alexander, president of the Equitable Life Assurance society, has been served with summons in the suit brought against him by James H. Hyde, William H. McIntyre, Annie F. Hyde and Mary B. Ripley, in which the plaintiffs desire the removal of Mr. Alexander from his position as trustee of the Hyde stock, and demand an accounting.

Garden Party for Railway Congress.

Washington, May 13.—A reception and a garden party given by Mrs Roosevelt in the grounds of the White House constituted a feature of proceedings of the international railway congress. President Roosevelt attended the reception, as did Vice President and Mrs. Fairbanks.

Five Killed in Copper Mine.

Butte, Mont., May 13.—Five men have been killed and two injured in an explosion in the Cora copper mine, one of the Heinze properties.

DUN'S REVIEW OF TRADE.

Summary of Business Conditions Throughout the Country.

New York, May 13.—Dun's weekly review of trade says today: Unsettled weather retards retail trade and uneven distribution of moisture prevents crop prospects from attaining an ideal position, but the general result is much better than normal and far more satisfactory than at this time in 1904. Mercantile payments are fairly prompt, money easy and abundant, while confidence is the ruling sentiment. Manufacturing activity is unabated, the leading industries reporting a minimum percentage of idle machinery, and pig iron production is expected to establish a new record of over 2,000,000 tons for the month. Foreign commerce has again shown an increase at this port over the same week last year.

A little irregularity is noticed in reports from the leading centers of the iron and steel industry, but it was not to be expected that production and consumption would continue to establish new high water marks indefinitely. There is still great pressure for quick delivery of structural steel for bridges, buildings and cars, while practically all forms of railway equipment are in larger demand than supply.

In the primary markets for cottons a few buyers still purchase for distant delivery, but as a rule operations are confined to current requirements. Advancing raw material strengthens woolens, in which duplicate business arrives more freely. In all textile lines the mills are now engaged. New England shoe shops are receiving additional fall orders, the prospect being for as good a season as in 1903.

Stockholders Must Raise a Million.

Milwaukee, May 13.—Comptroller of the Currency Ridgely has levied an assessment of 66 2 3 per cent on stockholders of the First National bank of Milwaukee to make good the capital stock which was impaired by the defalcation of former President Frank G. Bigelow. The amount of the assessment will reach $1,000,000.

Talk of Foul Play.

Troy, O., May 13.—Fren J. Graef, a leading citizen, was struck and killed by a train. There is suspicion of foul play. He was an Odd Fellow, Red Man and a member of the Fraternal Order of Eagles.

Beheaded by a Live Wire.

Connellsville, Pa., May 13.—With his head severed from his body by a highly charged electric wire, Solomon Stiffy, a fire boss in the Banning No. 2 mine of the Pittsburg Coal company, was found in the mine.

NATIONAL AND AMERICAN GAMES

Standing and Scores of the Major League Teams.

National League Standing.

Club	W	L	Pct	Club	W	L	Pct
New York	17	5	773	Phila	10	11	476
Pittsburg	15	8	652	Brooklyn	10	16	385
Chicago	14	10	583	Boston	8	15	348
Cincinnati	12	11	522	St. Louis	6	16	273

National Friday—New York 6, St. Louis 5; Chicago 5, Boston 4; Brooklyn 2, Cincinnati 1; Pittsburg 6, Philadelphia 4.

American League Standing.

Club	W	L	Pct	Club	W	L	Pct
Cleveland	11	8	579	New York	10	10	500
Washington	12	10	545	St. Louis	10	10	50
Phila	10	10	500	Detroit	9	10	474
Chicago	10	10	500	Boston	9	18	400

American Friday—New York 7, Chicago 3, Cleveland 5, Washington 4; Detroit 8, Boston 1; St. Louis 4, Philadelphia 1.

Willie's Anguish.

"Say, ma," asked little Willie after he had been in conjunction with the paternal slipper, "did anybody besides pa ever ask you to be his wife?"

"Oh, yes. I had lots of proposals before your father came along."

"Well, do you think you gained anything by waiting?"

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, May 12.—Cold, wet weather in the northwest created bullish sentiment in the wheat pit here today. At the close July wheat was up ¼@⅝; corn is off ½; oats show a loss of ⅛@¼. Closing quotations: Wheat, July, 85⅛; corn, July, 46⅞; oats, July, 29¼@29⅜.

PITTSBURG MARKETS—MAY 12.

Corn—Yellow shelled, 55½@56; high mixed, 54@54½; yellow ear, 61@62.

Oats—No. 2 white, 34¾@35; No. 3, 34@34½; No. 4, 33½@34.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $12.25@12.50; No. 2, $11.25@11.50; No. 1 clover, $10.25@10.75; No. 1 mixed, $10.50@11; loose from wagon, $14@16.

Eggs—Selected candled, 18@18½.

Butter—Prints, 27½@28; tubs, 27@27½; dairy, 18½@19½.

Cheese—New York full cream, new, 14@14½; Ohio cream, 14@14½; limberger, new, 13½@14.

Cattle—Prime to fancy, fat, smooth steers, $6.40@6.75; green, coarse and rough fat steers, $4.90@5.40; fat, smooth, dry fed, light steers, $4.50@5.25; choice milch cows, $30@50; medium to good milch cows, $15@30; good, fat, smooth, handy butchers' bulls, $4@4.75; feeding steers, good style, weight and extra quality, $3.75@4.75; feed steers, common to good quality, $2.50@3.75; fair to choice stockers, $2@2.50.

Calves—Veals, good to choice, $6@6.65; veals, fair to good, $5@5.50; heavy and thin calves, $3.50@4.50.

Hogs—Good to prime heavy, $5.75; medium weights, $5.90@5.92½; best heavy yorkers, $5.90@5.92½; good light yorkers, $5.85@5.90; pigs, good to prime, $5.70@5.80.

Sheep and Lambs—Prime wethers, $5.10@5.25; good to choice mixed, $4.65@5.10; fair to good mixed, $4@4.50; culls and common, $1.50@3; clipped lambs, $3.50@6.65; spring lambs, $9@12.50.

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LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Turvy of No. 384 South East street, Saturday, a son.

Two saloons have opened up in Mt. Eaton since the town voted on the local option question.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. L. Keller, of Milwaukee, a son. Mrs. Keller was formerly Miss Mame Keller, of this city.

Roy Mathias, aged 26, was instantly killed by lightning, at his home near New Philadelphia, Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. F. D. Steffy, of Blairsville, Pa., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. F. P. Drake, at the Drake residence in Plum street.

The commencement exercises of the Mt. Eaton high school will be held in the Reformed church on Friday evening, May 26. There are five members in the graduating class.

Word was received here today of the sudden death of W. A. Bartlett, of Londonville, his wife, Mrs. Minnie Frauglaiser Bartlett is well known in Massillon, having visited friends in Massillon.

James Kimber, of Wooster, was seriously burned about the face and eyes by the explosion of a loaded cigar he was smoking. The cigar was manufactured in Canton and he threatens to bring suit for damages.

A man giving his name as George Bagler was arrested at Canal Dover yesterday for illegally wearing an emblem of the Fraternal Order of Eagles. He was committed to jail in default of the payment of a fine amounting to $10.

Mayor Crilly and other officials made a written proposition to the Norwalk Water Company, offering $50,000 for the plant and giving thirty days for an answer. If the proposition is rejected Norwalk will proceed to erect a new plant. The city has $200,000 from the recent water works bond sale.

The concrete foundation for the new U. B. church, in West Tremont street, has been completed and will be hard enough Monday morning to permit the laying of concrete blocks. Contractor Sinnock will put a force of men at work Monday morning laying up the walls. The church will be the first in the city to be constructed of concrete building blocks.

The pall bearers at the funeral of the late Mrs. Margaret Keefe were Fred Miller, James Tannehill, Josh Bowlingham, William Cameron, Howard Birt and Harvey Geer. The following relatives from Cleveland attended the services: Mrs. Hodgson, Sidney Hodgson and Mrs. Keefe. While in the city they are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Richards.

Miss Adel Brown entertained the San Toy euchre club at her home in High street, Friday afternoon, from 2 to 5 o'clock. Mrs. Walter List won as a prize a hon bon dish and Miss Edith Pille cut glass pepper and salt holders. After the game there was a musical programme, to which Mrs. S. H. Loew and others contributed. Mrs. George Falke, of Zanesville, was among those present.

The grand district committee of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows held a meeting Friday evening in the I. O. O. F. hall, conducted by District Deputy Henry Angerman, assisted by Grand Warden H. C. Brown, Grand Secretary C. M. Brown, of Sippo lodge; Grand Marshal Tobias Schott, of Massillon lodge, and Grand Guardian William Evans, of Newman lodge. Mr. Schott conferred the past noble degree upon thirty-seven past grands. Favorable action was taken on the proposition to grant a charter for a degree of Rebekah lodge to be instituted at Canal Fulton. After the regular business meeting the company adjourned to the banquet hall, where refreshments were served. There was some speechmaking, Tobias Schott acting as toastmaster. State Senator Robert A. Pollock responded to the toast, "The Beauties of Odd Fellowship."

NEARBY TOWNS

CANAL FULTON.

Canal Fulton, May 12.—George H. Riley, inspector of the Ohio dairy and food department, was in town Monday evening, the guest of C. M. Shafer.

Captain Chris Baatz, of the Massillon fire department, was in town last Saturday in the interest of a patent chemical fire extinguisher.

Miss Gertrude Smith, who teaches in the Stover school district, visited at the home of her parents in Canton, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Brand spent Sunday in Massillon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Whitman.

Harold Hoover, of Massillon, was in town Monday evening visiting with his father, J. J. Hoover. He left on Tuesday for Welshfield, Geauga county, where he attended the commencement exercises of the graduating class of Troy high school, of which his cousins, Maxwell, Guy and May Hoover, are members.

Don't let the little ones suffer from eczema or other torturing skin diseases. No need for it. Doan's Ointment cures. Can't harm the most delicate skin. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Dangerous Vertigo.

Dizziness or Swimming of the Head, Associated with a Sense of Fullness, Dull Pain or Nervous Sick Headache is a Certain Indication of an Oncoming Apoplexy or Paralysis.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE PILLS

If the person subject to attack of dizziness or swimming of the head, commonly called vertigo, would only stop to realize that these symptoms are not a disease in themselves, not temporary ailments, but the plainest sort of warnings from nature of grave troubles of deeper origin, of an exhausted nervous system or of an oncoming apoplexy, epilepsy or paralysis, the matter would receive prompt attention. Dr. A. W. Chase knew this and provided the cure in his celebrated Nerve Pills, a medicine that brings back the glow of health and strength by its power to furnish just what the ill fed, half starved nervous system needs, good, rich, wholesome blood and nerve force or energy.

Mr. E. Smith, of No 1 Union Street, Troy, N. Y., says:

"I used to suffer constantly from nervous headache and dizzy spells. They came on at any time and in any place—I was never safe from them—stooping over always resulted in vertigo—my head pained me so I was [illegible] got a box of DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE PILLS and they cured me [illegible] relying easily and [illegible] I [illegible] a similar condition as I was and certain cure." To guard against imitations of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills, the portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., are on every package. For sale by F. S. Craig, Druggist, Massillon, O.

BAD COLORED MAN.

Taken from County Workhouse to Columbus.

Canton, May 13.—George W. Gaster and Louis Wolf, two Columbus detectives, arrived in Canton Friday evening and spent some time at police headquarters. They came here for Jesse Bird, a desperate colored man whose term in the Stark county workhouse expired Saturday. Bird has been in the workhouse since October 21, he having been sent from Columbiana county. He has been one of the greatest and most dangerous prisoners ever [illegible] the place and for the past [illegible] weeks he has been penned in [illegible] threatening that he would kill the [illegible] who opened the door. Bird's [illegible] for burglary and larceny, and is well known in that city. He was taken to that place Saturday [illegible] with [illegible] trouble the [illegible] used upon him. Detective Wolf was at one time a resident of Canton.

OBITUARY.

MRS. LEVI WILSON

Mrs. Levi Wilson, aged 67 years, the wife of a well known Jackson township coal miner, died at the family home two and one-half miles north of the city at 9 o'clock Friday evening from a complication of diseases. The deceased had been ill a considerable time. The funeral will be held from the late home Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment will be made in the Massillon cemetery. The three surviving children are Mrs. Lizzie Hardesty, of Massillon; Charles Eckroad, a son by a former marriage, and Casper Wilson of Wainwright.

MRS. REBECCA BRADFORD.

Mrs. Rebecca Bradford, aged 60 years, died at the state hospital Friday of organic brain disease. The deceased was admitted from Portage county six years ago. The body is being held to await advices from relatives.

JOHN MOSSOP.

North Lawrence, May 13.—John Mossop, aged 64 years, died at his home here at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon. The deceased had a stroke of apoplexy ten days ago and had been unconscious ever since. He is survived by his wife and two sons, Thomas Mossop, of East Greenville, and Daniel Mossop, of West Lebanon. Mr. Mossop was born in England. He had lived in North Lawrence for about 25 years.

MASSILLON MARKET.

The following are the retail prices today in Massillon. This report is corrected daily.

Country butter, per lb	25-28
Creamery butter	31
Eggs, per dozen	14
Chickens, spring, lb	15
Cabbage, per pound	2½
New Cabbage, per lb	8
Lettuce, per lb	15
Onions, per peck	65
Potatoes, per bushel	40

Dealers Pay for Country Produce:

Country butter, per lb	20-24
Eggs, per dozen	15
Chickens, live, per lb	12
Chickens, spring, dressed lb	15
Chickens, dressed	12
Cabbage, per doz	50
Potatoes, per bushel	30

GRAIN MARKETS.

Following are the paying prices:

Wheat	90
Oats	32-33
Corn	55

Following are the selling prices.

Hay, baled, per hundred	70
Straw, per hundred	55
Shelled corn, per bushel	70
Oats, per bushel	40
Corn meal	70
Hay, loose, per ton	$10-11

No man can cure consumption. You can prevent it though. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma. Never fails.

THE SCALE COMPLETED.

Output of Steel and Sheet Mills Bone of Contention.

Detroit, Mich., May 13.—The clause in the wage scale of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers relative to limiting the output of the tin and sheet mills, which has been the bone of contention between the companies and the association, will be in force during the ensuing year, if the recommendations adopted by the wage scale committee are approved by the convention, and of the latter there is little doubt. The wage committee completed its work on the footnotes of the tin and sheet steel scales Friday afternoon, and the report will go before the convention Monday. The principal clause which has caused the delay in arriving at an agreement has been that governing the output. Many delegates favored abolishing the limit, citing the advantageous workings of many of the steel corporation mills, where the limit is not in force, and also saying the perfecting of machinery has made the limit to output almost out of the question.

The present trouble at the Whitaker Glessner mills, in Wheeling, is based entirely upon the enforcement of the limit of output. The company claims it is unable to compete with the mills where no limit exists.

The completion of the tin and sheet steel scale reports places the entire wage scale of the association in shape to go before the convention. As the settlement is almost entirely in the hands of the committees, convention ratification is merely formal.

The boom for Walter Larkin, of Wheeling, for the presidency, has collapsed, and Mr. Larkin is out for reelection as vice president of the Wheeling district. The settlement of the trouble at the Whitaker-Glessner plant last week, which was thought to be permanent, was the starting point of the Larkin boom, but the outbreak of the old trouble put all hopes a-glimmering.

Considerable interest is shown in a resolution prepared by a Newcastle lodge to do away with the national president and substitute four trades presidents. This will be brought before the convention the early part of next week, and will be advocated in opposition to the other scheme of reorganization, wherein vice presidents for the trades are suggested and a national president retained. The resolution has the backing of the tin plate and sheet steel workers, and it will take the combined votes of the iron workers to defeat it.

Eastern Ohio Patents.

H. E. Daulap, patent attorney, of Wheeling, W. Va., reports the following patents issued this week to citizens of eastern Ohio: Thomas E. Arnold, Florence, sales indicator; Stuart E. Freeman, Barberton, assignor to National Drill and Manufacturing Company, Chicago, machine for making and repairing roads; Frederick Grether, Akron, pad for cleansing glass surfaces; Alexander Hayes, Empire, pipe coupling; Burns D. Hemsted, Croton, automatic gas cutoff; John O. E. Krohn, Barberton, assignor to National Drill and Manufacturing Company, Chicago, dumping wagon; Samuel P. Lerch, Canton, lawn mower; Charles N. Manfred, Mansfield, calendar; Perry E. Miller, Ashtabula, cuff securing device; William D. Packard, Warren, electrical cut-out; James W. Patterson, Cutler, trolley; Jacob Pfeiffer, jr., Akron, automatic safety device for gas connections; William Polk, East Liverpool, apparatus for forming saggars; Daniel S. Post, Painesville, coal chute; Louis W. Roe and L. J. Bonar, Mansfield, window lock; Charles W. Smith, Norwalk, curtain pole fixture, and Edward B. Tragler and W. R. Harris, Akron, rubber tire setting machine.

Labor Day Committee.

At a regular meeting of the Trades and Labor Assembly, the following Labor day committee was named: Charles Schoon, cigarmakers; Peter Martz, tinners; Albert Stephan, carpenters; Andrew Hanna, bricklayers; Joseph Donant, woodworkers; George Franz, musicians; George Kapper, bakers; H. H. Holzbach, barbers; Arthur Redman, stageworkers; Alex Griffith, bartenders; John Schaibly, tailors; Louis Adrian, A. A. of I. and S. W.; Frank O'Neal, printers; Philip Fischer, moulders, No. 250; George Ballinger, glassblowers; John Longheir, moulders, No. 184; Mrs. H. B. Sibila, Union Label League; Mrs. Parnacott, Ladies' Auxiliary. John T. Jenkins, of the Iron and Steel Workers' Union, declined to serve and Louis Adrian was substituted.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon, May 15, 1905:

LADIES.

Cottrell, Mrs. Ellis	Forbes, Anna Durlin
Jerew, Mrs. C. W.	Klotz, Mrs. Kittie
McKern, Mrs. Mary	Shear, Miss Anna
Walters, Mrs. B. A.	
	McClellan, Miss Brinton

MEN.

Budd, Alber	Clark, Nicholas
Dine, R. R	Gardner, R. E
Garrett, J. D.	Katzenbach, Aug.
Lucas, George	Nemett, Jno.
Stone, W. C.	Acker, Master Howard

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised.

LOUIS A. KOONS, P. M.

DEATH FROM CLOUDS

Severe Electrical and Wind Storms Sweep Across Buckeye State.

BOLT KILLS MOTHER AND SON

Circus Tent Struck at Lowell, Spectator Being Killed—Frank Westfall of Waverly Is Victim—Traffic Held Up at Cincinnati by Disturbance.

Columbus, O., May 12.—Reports of severe storms comes from various parts of Ohio. At Waverly a cloud burst did considerable damage. Frank Westfall of Waverly was killed by lightning while sitting before a fireplace in his home. William Dixon and his mother were stunned, but will recover. Royal Mathias at New Philadelphia was killed by lightning.

Cincinnati, May 12.—A terrific wind and rain storm struck this city and surrounding towns last night, causing much damage. On account of washouts all trains are reported from two to four hours late. In Cincinnati several large plate glass windows were broken by the wind. Street car service was delayed for several hours and on some of the lines traffic will not be resumed till late today.

Marietta, O., May 12.—William Tullins of Lowell was killed by lightning, which struck a sideshow tent of a circus here. James Lacey, Mrs. W. H. McFarland, Myrtle Cosset and a farmer were injured. Several hundred other persons were slightly shocked.

Lancaster, O., May 12.—Mrs. Alexander Schafer and her 6-year-old son were struck and fatally injured by lightning. Mrs. Elizabeth Schafer, who was also in the house, was uninjured. The house was wrecked. Four distinct electrical storms broke over the city, doing great damage to trees, isolated barns and telegraph poles.

REMEMBERS THE WIDOW.

President Roosevelt Drops Letter for Mrs. McKinley from Train.

Canton, O., May 12.—President Roosevelt showed evident disappointment just before leaving to Canton that there had been no arrangement made to have the special train stop here. A letter was dropped off to the Pennsylvania station agent here to be delivered to Mrs. McKinley. The missive was taken to the McKinley home, but Mrs. McKinley was out driving and did not receive the note until luncheon. The greeting from the president was as follows:

"May 11, 1905.

"Mrs. McKinley, Canton, O.:

"Pray accept my best wishes and earnest hope that you are feeling well. I never knew that the train was to pass through Canton until it had started from Chicago, and I found that it was too late to change the schedule. Otherwise I should have stopped to see you in person. May all blessings attend you.

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

The First Astor and the Poet.

John Jacob Astor and his son rigidly attended to business in the same office, a little one story building in Prince street, just east of Broadway. Their constant companion there was Fitz-Greene Halleck—Marco Bozzaris Halleck. Halleck became a clerk for Astor in 1832 and worked seventeen years. The employment, he himself said, was not "profitable, but permanent." Astor warned him when he began not to talk to any one of his wealth. The two men became great friends. Halleck spent months with his patron at his country seat and became one of the trustees of the Astor library. The poet frequently rallied the old man on his wealth. "Why, Mr. Astor," he would say, "if I had $200 a year and was sure of it I would be content." The great landowner took him at his word, and in his will, much to the amusement of Bohemian New York, left Halleck an annuity of $200.—Burton J. Hendrick in McClure's.

The Chilly House of Commons.

A speaker in the house of commons has to address "the most chilling, nerve destroying audience in the world." Even such a cool headed, seasoned orator as John Bright once said, toward the end of his career, too, "I suppose I ought to be ashamed of myself, but the fact is that I never rise in the house without a trembling at the knees and a secret wish that somebody else would catch the speaker's eye and enable me to sit down again." And Disraeli, who boasted that he had no nerves, declared: "The blare of trumpets, a thousand lookers on, have induced men to lead a forlorn hope. Ambition and one's constituents have induced men to do a far more desperate thing—speak in the house of commons."—London Mail.

English and French Police.

No comparison can fairly be made between the police of London and Paris without due consideration of the fact that the French law admits an interference with the liberty of the subject which would not be tolerated in Great Britain. And it must also be remembered that the existence of octroi duties makes it difficult for a Frenchman to enter or quit Paris without being the subject of closer observation than he would encounter in an English city.—Solicitors' Journal.

DEFY HARD LUCK.

A Few Bits of Wholesome Advice For the Pessimists.

Don't talk about your hard luck.

Refuse to recognize it. Refuse to believe in it. Scorn to whine about it.

Get the whine out of your voice, or it will stop the development and growth of your body. It will narrow and shrink your mind. It will drive away your friends. It will make you unpopular. Quit your whining; brace up; go to work; be something; stand for something; fill your place in the universe. Instead of whining around, exciting only pity and contempt, face about and make something of yourself. Reach up to the stature of a strong, ennobling womanhood, to the beauty and strength of a superb womanhood. There is nothing the matter with you. Just quit your whining and go to work.

If you continually talk about your bad luck and moan about your ill fortune, you create for yourself an atmosphere of misfortune which will certainly overwhelm you unless you stop in time.

The man or woman who persistently fears that such and such a thing is not going to turn out well is enlisting powerful forces against success.—Boston Traveler.

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KIDNEY and LIVER cure.

Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is a well tried one, ages and both sexes, affording the most perfect relief in all cases caused by impurity of the blood, such as, Kidney, Bladder and Liver Complaints, Constipation, and weaknesses peculiar to women. Successful for 30 years. Prepared by DR. D. KENNEDY'S SONS, Rondout, N. Y. $1.00 all druggists. Six bottles $5.00.

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Paid, Feb. 11, 1905

A Good One. Made by The Rempis & Gallmeyer Foundry Co.

60 N. Front St., Grand Rapids Mich. Write us. It will pay you

Takes the burn out; heals the wound; cures the pain. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, the household remedy.

INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS.

Articles lost and found, houses to let or desired help wanted, situations wanted, real estate bulletins and limited announcements are more certain to produce results if advertised under this head than by any other means. Copy must be left no later than 11 a. m. to insure insertion the same day. Three publications of not more than 4 printed lines for 25 cents.

FOR RENT.

BUSINESS ROOMS—One room 40x25 feet; one front office room 13x15; one office 24x13, and one 20x19, on second floor; all with heat; in new Independent building. Inquire at Independent office.

HOUSE—A 10 room house, known as the E. A. Jones residence, on E. Tremont St. Inquire W. E. N. Hemperly, over 14 S. Erie St.

THREE apartment, everything new in Saller Hotel addition. Inquire of G. J. Saller.

WANTED.

FARM—A small farm near Massillon or Canton; must be well located, have fertile soil, fair buildings and reasonable price. Immediate possession not necessary. Address F. E. Keller, Dundee, Ohio.

GIRL—Good girl for general housework, good wages, no washing. Address "A" care of Independent.

LATHERS—Fifty wanted at Cleveland, O., 8½c per yard. Steady work. Apply at Builders' Exchange, Chamber of Commerce Building, 10:30 to 12:30 daily.

SMALL—House with conveniences near center of town for man and wife. Address Box 88 Conrad Hotel.

For Sale or Rent.

FOUR room house, northeast corner Walnut and Vanderbilt avenue. Conrad, real estate.

MANUFACTURING SITES consisting of the following advantages: Floor space, ground space, office rooms, electric or steam power, independent water supply, railroad siding and track scale. Cheswick Land Co., Canton, O.

LOST.

BEADS—A string of gold beads on Tuesday. Finder please return to 88 Plum street and receive reward.

KEY Ring and Chain either on Erie street from Valentine building to Trenton; Tremont from Erie to Jarvis avenue, or on Jarvis avenue. Finder please return to Room No. 1, Valentine building, and receive reward.

MISCELLANEOUS.

VAULTS and cesspools cleaned at reasonable prices. Dead horses removed. Night calls answered promptly. See Wm. Richardson, Farmers phone A 616.

FOR SALE.

ABSTRACTS OF TITLE promptly and accurately made at reasonable prices. The Transfer Abstract Company, Eagle Block, Canton, O.

GO CART in good condition. Inquire at No. 23 West Tremont St.

FURNITURE—Entire lot of household furniture must be sold at once on account of leaving city. Call at 210 W. Tremont St.

GOOD BUILDING size 8x10 feet and well built; formerly used for automobile barn. Inquire of A. J. Miller, 10 S. Erie St.

HOUSES—Eight room house, modern conveniences No. 29 Wooster St., $2,700.

Five room house and barn, W. Tremont St., $1,200.

Eight room house, steam heat and modern conveniences, McLain St., $3,000.

Four room house Kent St., $1,050.

Good lot 45x130, Center St., near Andrew. Inquire Chas. G. King, 29 S. Erie St.

HOUSE—New 8 room house on Canton road with one acre of land part in fruit. See S. Byrd.

HOUSE—Five room house with summer kitchen, well and cistern water, corner Kraner and Short East Sts. Inquire John Miller, Short East St., Nathan Moffit, or Harry F. Ryder.

HOUSE—Eight room house with bath room and complete gas, city and cistern water; new houses will sell cheap if sold soon. Inquire at 900 Duncan St.

MORTGAGES—First class western farm mortgages. Isaac Conrad, Real Estate and Insurance Broker, Loans, Investments, over Merchants bank. Mass. phone 395.

PROPERTIES—7 rooms, modern, hot water, 36 East St., $4,200; 7 rooms, East St., $3,500; 6 rooms, Wellman St., $1,200; 6 rooms and barn, Sippo St., $1,800; 7 rooms, modern, Wellman St., $3,250; 5 room cottage, $900. Farms—90 A., 175 A., 230 A., 150 A. Easy payments will exchange. H. O. R. Hankins, over Merchants Bank.

TICKETS—Ocean Steamship Tickets—NORTH GERMAN LLOYD, direct to Germany, Bremen, France, England, Italy, AUSTRO AMERICANA and PRINCE LINES direct to Naples and Trieste, FABRE LINE, direct to Naples and Marseilles. Warren E. Russell, 8 E. Tremont St.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SPECIAL attention paid to cleaning vaults and cesspools and constructing the same; also general foaming. Chas. Swarms, Massillon Independent phone 423.

9 Days More Special May Prices —AT— A. J. Humberger Sons Co.

Muslin Petticoats are in greater demand this year than they have been for several years past, and here is one of our **Special May Offerings** in the Undermuslin line.

Our $2.50 Skirts at $1.98.

A prettier and better Skirt than you'll be able to find elsewhere under the $3.00 mark.

We are showing the best line of Shirt Waist Sets, Beads, Hat Pins, Skirt Supporting Buckles and Fancy Neckwear in the city.

See the pretty $2.25 Petticoats at **$1.79** for the remaining 9 days of the May Sale.

See our line of Shirt Waist Suits during this sale.

Delineator, Designer, New Idea,

For June Now on Sale.

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